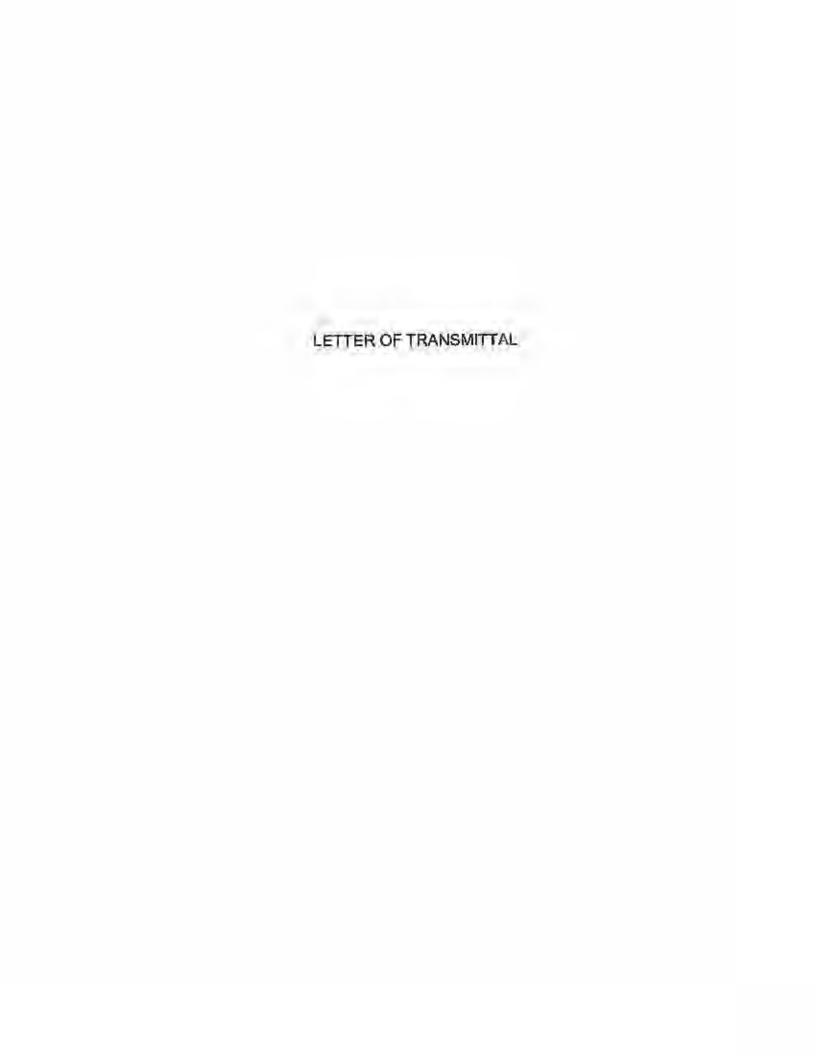
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

CONTENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	Pages
Letter of Transmittal	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2-4
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFOMRATION:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5-9
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Statements of Net Position	10
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	11
Statements of Cash Flows	12
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	13-29
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFOMRATION:	
CERS Pension Schedules and Notes to Schedules	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the CERS Net Pension Liability	30
Schedule of Contributions to CERS	31
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	32
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Schedule I - Bond and Interest Requirements	33-35
Schedule II - General and Administrative Expenses	36
Schedule III - Organization Data	37
INTERNAL CONTROL AND FISCAL COMPLIANCE:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	38-39
Schedule of Findings and Responses	40



A Message from the General Manager



I am pleased to submit the Transmittal Letter for Hardin County Water District No. 2 for the year ending December 31, 2016. Years of long range planning have come to fruition and 2016 was the year of successful completions.

At our water treatment plants, the secondary disinfectant conversion was put to the test and the District celebrated one full year of chloramine treatment on November 30. The year was marked by fewer taste and odor complaints and disinfectant by-product levels that were half of historic levels.

The successful chloramine conversion paves the way for a connection with Louisville Water Company and the purchase of supplemental water supplies beginning in 2017. The pipeline project progressed through the year and saw the completion of pipe installation. Flushing and testing will being in early 2017. This completes the supplemental water supply project that began in 2008.

Another project of note is the Elizabethtown Customer Connection Upgrade Project. After the acquisition of the Elizabethtown customer base in 2014, the District commissioned the upgrade and automation of approximately 9800 domestic services. This project was completed two months early. With these automatic meters in place, the District can quickly gather customer usage information monthly. This information is also used for the City's sewer billing. The District assumed billing and collection services for the City's sewer utility as per their request.

After 20 years, the District reviewed the tap fees for new services. The \$600 residential tap fee was found to be grossly under the actual cost of \$850 for the materials and labor for new meter installations. A 2015 change in regulations requiring the use of lead-free components was one of the driving factors. The District staff successfully navigated the PSC application process and was approved to update the meter tap fees for all sizes.

As the company continues to grow and expand services, the 360 Ring Road site has reached its full potential to contain the District's base of operations. During the year, the property at 315 Ring Road became available. The District acquired the property in order to sustain continued growth. GRW Architects were retained to develop a site plan for the eventual relocation of the customer service center and central operating headquarters. The proposed site plan was approved by the Board of Commissioners and the objective of relocation was formally adopted.

On the financial side of the business, the District had 3 outstanding bonds that were eligible for refinancing. The activity required a renewed Moody's bond rating analysis. A case was made to the Moody's auditors regarding the strength of the company in the areas of water quality, asset management, capital planning, and financial management. The audit resulted in a bond rating upgrade from Aa3 to Aa2. No other PSC regulated water company in the State of Kentucky currently equals or surpasses this rating.

The upgrade in bond rating and precision market timing contributed to the District successfully refinancing the 3 eligible outstanding bonds. Two new revenue bonds, which combined for a true interest cost of 1.49%, were issued on 10 year terms. The net present value of the refund savings topped \$1.17 million, making the exchange the most successful bond refinancing in District history.

Each year at this time, I reflect on the accomplishments of the company and wonder if it is possible for Hardin County Water District No. 2 to experience any higher levels of success. And each year, the news seems to top the year before. I contribute the success of 2016 to the unwavering spirit and zeal of the professionals who run the company each and every day. Hardin County Water District No. 2 has the best employees.

The future still looks bright.

James K. Jeffries

James R. Jeffries General Manager





CHRIS R. CARTER, CPA ANN M. FISHER, CPA SCOTT KISSELBAUGH, CPA PHILIP A. LOGSDON, CPA BRIAN S. WOOSLEY, CPA

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPAS KENTUCKY SOCIETY OF CPAS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Hardin County Water District No. 2 Elizabethtown, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Hardin County Water District No. 2 as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Hardin County Water District No. 2, as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, during the year ended December 31, 2016, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, Statement 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, Statement 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, Statement 78, Pensions Provided Through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Statement 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, during the year ended December 31, 2016, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 62, Paragraphs 476-500, Regulated Operations, which requires that the effects of the rate-making process be recorded in the financial statements, the District elected to record a regulatory asset for the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions. Accordingly, the District recognizes the actuarially determined contribution as the current year pension expense. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 to 9, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability on page 30 and schedule of contributions on page 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hardin County Water District No. 2's basic financial statements. Schedules I and II are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Schedules I and II are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, Schedules I and II are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The letter of transmittal and Schedule III have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 23, 2017, on our consideration of Hardin County Water District No. 2's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Hardin County Water District No. 2's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants Elizabethtown, Kentucky

Stiles, Canter & associates

May 23, 2017



HARDIN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT NO. 2 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

The discussion and analysis of Hardin County Water District No. 2's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to review the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash and investment balance for the District was \$20.4 million. The balance at December 31, 2015, was \$21.3 million. This reflects a decrease in cash and investments during the year of \$.9 million.
- The District continued capital construction projects to improve the water system and ensure the future water supply.
- The District adopted the GASB Statement No. 62, Paragraphs 476-500, Regulated
 Operations, which requires that the effects of the rate-making process be recorded in the
 financial statements, with respect to its participation in the County Employees Retirement
 System. The District elected to record a regulatory asset for the net pension liability,
 deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.
- The District invested approximately \$11.8 million in capital assets during the year.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The basic financial statements report information about the District using full accrual accounting methods as utilized by similar business activities in the private sector. The basic financial statements include a statement of net position; a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position; a statement of cash flows; and notes to the basic financial statements.

The statement of net position presents the financial position of the District on a full accrual historical cost basis. The statement presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position are one indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

While the statement of net position provides information about the nature and amount of resources and obligations at year-end, the *statement of revenues*, *expenses*, *and changes in fund net position* presents the results of the District's activities over the course of the fiscal year and information as to how the net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. This statement also provides certain information about the District's recovery of its costs. Rate setting policies use different methods of cost recovery not fully provided for by generally accepted accounting principles. The primary objectives of the rate model are to improve equity among customer classes and to ensure that capital costs are allocated on the basis of long-term capacity needs, ensuring that growth pays for growth.

The **statement** of **cash** flows presents changes in cash and cash equivalents, resulting from operational, financing, and investing activities. This statement presents cash receipts and cash disbursement information, without consideration of the earnings event, when an obligation arises, or depreciation of capital assets.

The **notes** to the basic financial statements provide required disclosures and other information that are essential to a full understanding of material data provided in the statements. The notes present information about the District's accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies and subsequent events, if any.

ENTITY-WIDE FINANCIAL ANAYLSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$73.1 million and \$63.7 million as of December 31, 2016 and 2015.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in infrastructure and capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment, transmission and distribution systems and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its customers; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

(Table 1)
Summary of Net Position
as of December 31, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
Assets		
Current and		
Other Assets	\$ 27,192,922	\$ 26,104,580
Capital Assets	71,638,003	62,638,515
Total Assets	98,830,925	88,743,095
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,947,965	1,810,291
Liabilities		
Long-term liabilities	25,241,978	25,079,834
Other Liabilities	2,437,404	1,745,936
Total Liabilities	27,679,382	26,825,770
Deferred Inflows of Resources	4	-
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	51,753,510	41,515,184
Restricted for debt service	1,276,639	2,088,360
Unrestricted	20,069,359	20,124,072
Total Net Position	\$ 73,099,508	\$ 63,727,616

Unrestricted net position, the portion of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations (without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements), decreased \$55 thousand (.27%) at December 31, 2016. Restricted net position decreased \$811 thousand (38.9%). Net investment in capital assets increased by \$10.2 million (24.7%).

(Table 2)
Changes in Net Position
Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

OPERATING REVENUES: Water sales Other operating income Total operating revenues OPERATING EXPENSES: Power purchased Pumping and treatment labor Purification supplies and expense	\$	12,512,174 820,005 13,332,179 822,983 1,007,379 556,493 1,525,723	\$	11,955,417 623,142 12,578,559 687,301 983,616
OPERATING EXPENSES: Power purchased Pumping and treatment labor		822,983 1,007,379 556,493	-	687,301
Power purchased Pumping and treatment labor		1,007,379 556,493		
Pumping and treatment labor		1,007,379 556,493		
		556,493		983,616
Purification supplies and expense				
		1,525,723		539,324
Transmission and distribution labor				1,459,524
Transmission and distribution supplies and expense		242,028		272,431
Transmission and distribution maintenance and repairs		54,476		48,499
Equipment rental		5,131		9,401
Transportation expense		154,429		141,980
Water treatment maintenance and expense		152,360		169,791
General and administrative expenses		2,711,567		2,441,559
Depreciation		2,768,074		2,572,838
Total operating expenses		10,000,643		9,326,264
OPERATING INCOME		3,331,536		3,252,295
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Investment income		384,592		306,412
Other income		179,376		123,780
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		8,607		3,636
Bond issuance costs		(120,614)		
Interest expense on long-term debt		(706,250)		(705,596)
Interest expense on customer deposits		(295)		(568)
Amortization of bond discount and utility acquisition		(31,855)		(68,514)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		(286,439)		(340,850)
Capital contributions	_	6,326,795		412,995
Increase in net position		9,371,892		3,324,440
Net position, beginning		63,727,616		60,403,176
Net position, ending	\$	73,099,508	\$	63,727,616

Operating revenue increased 6% as compared to the prior year as new customers were added. Total operating expenses increased 7.2%, which was due to increased depreciation expense and operating costs for personnel. Interest expense on long-term debt was stable. The District continues to receive capital contributions through the State of Kentucky, the Federal government, other governments and individual developers.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At December 31, 2016 and 201, the District had \$71.6 million and \$62.6 million invested in a variety of capital assets, as reflected in the following table:

(Table 3)
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)
as of December 31, 2016 and 2015

	2000	2016	2015
Non-Depreciable Assets:			
Land and land rights	\$	2,137,633	\$ 687,483
Depreciable Assets:			
Structures and improvements		7,574,490	7,834,477
Property held for future use		1,173,044	
Supply mains		706,168	750,267
Water treatment plant		7,082,438	6,826,493
Standpipes, tanks and foundations		7,755,219	7,696,650
Transmission and distribution mains		28,565,090	29,469,797
Services and meters		6,200,302	5,266,191
Hydrants		44,972	30,918
Office furniture and fixtures		133,532	158,953
Transportation equipment		618,310	612,062
Other property and equipment		202,798	 251,132
Capital assets in service		62,193,996	59,584,423
Construction in progress		9,444,007	3,054,092
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	\$	71,638,003	\$ 62,638,515

(Table 4)
Changes in Capital Assets
Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

	_	2016	 2015
Beginning balance	\$	62,638,515	\$ 61,485,222
Additions		12,678,743	3,726,131
Retirements		(911,181)	-
Depreciation		(2,768,074)	(2,572,838)
Ending balance	\$	71,638,003	\$ 62,638,515

Debt

At December 31, 2016 and 2015, the District had \$14.3 million and \$15.3 million, in revenue bonds outstanding and \$5.6 million and \$5.9 million of notes payable. A total of \$1.1 million is due within the 2017 calendar year. The District refunded the 2004A, 2005A and 2007 bonds with the 2016B and 2016C bonds.

(Table 5)
Outstanding Debt
as of December 31, 2016 and 2015

	2016	_	2015
Revenue bonds	\$ 14,320,000	\$	15,343,000
Notes payable	5,621,906		5,861,021
Unamortized discount/premium	146,786		(158,455)
	\$ 20,088,692	\$	21,045,566

District Challenges for the Future

The District continues to be financially sound. However, the current state and national financial climate requires the District to remain prudent.

The District will continue to use careful planning and monitoring of finances to provide quality services to its customers.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives and spends. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact James Jeffries, General Manager, 360 Ring Road, Elizabethtown, Kentucky 42701, (270) 737-1056.



STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

		2016	 2015
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable, net	\$	3,320,204 12,805,317 1,433,412	\$ 2,649,105 15,126,155 1,139,535
Prepaid insurance State grants receivable Materials and supplies		476,002 511,382	50,000 - 518,605
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		18,546,317	19,483,400
NONCURRENT ASSETS:			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Restricted investments Regulatory asset on CERS pension Non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		3,089,426 1,207,394 4,349,785 11,581,639 60,056,364	2,521,149 978,338 3,121,693 3,741,575 58,896,940
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS		80,284,608	69,259,695
TOTAL ASSETS		98,830,925	88,743,095
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amount on debt refundings Deferred amount on CERS pension Utility acquisition adjustments		218,350 1,554,468 175,147	251,764 1,373,650 184,877
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,947,965	1,810,291
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable Construction projects payable Elizabethtown sewer payable Accrued taxes		158,753 14,149 720,357 54,703 75,898	160,885 329,529 - 73,367 66,851
Accrued liabilities Accrued vacation Customer deposits Customer advances for construction Bonds payable Notes payable		155,245 43,008 77,250 855,000 283,041	123,268 49,671 34,250 669,000 239,115
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,437,404	1,745,936
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: Customer deposits Net pension liability - CERS Bonds payable Notes payable		387,072 5,904,253 13,611,788 5,338,865	447,040 4,495,343 14,515,545 5,621,906
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		25,241,978	25,079,834
TOTAL LIABILITIES		27,679,382	26,825,770
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	· fee	51,753,510 1,276,639 20,069,359	41,515,184 2,088,360 20,124,072
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	73,099,508	\$ 63,727,616

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	2016	2015
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Water sales	12,512,174	11,955,417
Other operating income	820,005	623,142
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	13,332,179	12,578,559
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Power purchased	822,983	687,301
Pumping and treatment labor	1,007,379	983,616
Purification supplies and expense	556,493	539,324
Transmission and distribution labor	1,525,723	1,459,524
Transmission and distribution supplies and expense	242,028	272,431
Transmission and distribution maintenance and repairs	54,476	48,499
Equipment rental	5,131	9,401
Transportation expense	154,429	141,980
Water treatment maintenance and expense	152,360	169,789
General and administrative expenses	2,711,567	2,441,561
Depreciation	2,768,074	2,572,838
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	10,000,643	9,326,264
OPERATING INCOME	3,331,536	3,252,295
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Investment income	384,592	306,412
Other income	179,376	123,780
Gain/(Loss) on disposal of capital assets	8,607	3,636
Bond issuance costs	(120,614)	
Interest expense on long-term debt	(706,250)	(705,596)
Interest expense on customer deposits	(295)	(568)
Amortization of bond discount and utility acquisition	(31,855)	(68,514)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(286,439)	(340,850)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	6,326,795	412,995
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	9,371,892	3,324,440
NET POSITION, beginning of year, as restated	63,727,616	60,403,176
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 73,099,508	\$ 63,727,616
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	2016	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	d 42,020,200	e 40 204 969
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$ 13,038,302 (3,288,324)	\$ 12,394,868 (3,605,793)
Payments to employees	(3,182,601)	(2,943,149)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	6,567,377	5,845,926
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Principal payments on bonds	(5,633,000)	(648,000)
Proceeds from bonds	4,805,917	
Principal payments on notes	(239,115)	(232,727)
Acquisition of capital assets	(12,082,942)	(4,542,596)
Contributions in aid of construction	5,850,793	412,995
Interest on long-term debt	(706,250)	(705,596)
Sale of capital assets	8,607	3,636
Customer deposit interest	(295)	(568)
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(7,996,285)	(5,712,856)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Sale (purchase) of investments	1,931,397	(261,766)
Other income	179,376	123,778
Investment income	557,511	542,433
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	2,668,284	404,445
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,239,376	537,515
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	5,170,254	4,632,739
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$ 6,409,630	\$ 5,170,254
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED		
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	1 1111111	2 2127111
Operating income	\$ 3,331,536	\$ 3,252,295
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	2,768,074	2,572,838
Provision for bad debts	37,690	53,491
(Increase) in accounts receivable	(293,877)	(183,691)
(Increase) decrease in prepaids	50,000	(50,000)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(2,132)	17,633
Increase in Elizabethtown sewer payable	720,357	
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	(66,631)	110,454
Increase (decrease) in accrued taxes payable	(18,664)	47,629
Increase in accrued liabilities	9,047	13,399
Increase in accrued vacation	31,977	11,878
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 6,567,377	\$ 5,845,926



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Brief history - The Hardin County Water District No. 2 was organized pursuant to the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statutes KRS 74.010 and KRS 44.020 in order to provide a water supply for the residents of Hardin County, Kentucky.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The District follows the accounting policies and procedures set forth by the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners and the guidance provided by the American Water Works Association in *Water Utility Accounting* and is regulated by the Kentucky Public Service Commission. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

These financial statements present the District's financial activities. As defined by GASB No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units the criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity involve those cases where the District or its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or to impose specific financial burdens on the District or the nature and significance of the relationship between the District and the organization is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be incomplete. Applying this definition, the District does not include any component units in its reporting entity.

B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

All activities of the District are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise) fund. The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The GAAP applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues.

C. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied. The proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Nonexchange revenues, including intergovernmental revenues and grants, are reported when all eligibility requirements have been met. Fees and charges and other exchange revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Because the District's rates are regulated by the Kentucky Public Service Commission the District accounts for the financial effects of regulation in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 62, Paragraphs 476-500, Regulated Operations. Accordingly, certain costs and income may be capitalized as a regulatory asset or liability that would otherwise be charged to expense or revenues. Regulatory assets and liabilities are recorded when it is probable that future rates will permit recovery.

(Continued next page)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

D. FINANCIAL STATEMENT AMOUNTS

- 1. Cash and investments The District's cash balances are held at multiple financial institutions. Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices.
- Cash and cash equivalents The District has defined cash and cash equivalents to include
 cash on hand and demand deposits. The District considers all highly liquid debt instruments
 (including restricted assets) purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash
 equivalents.
- Restricted Assets Restricted assets consist of demand deposit savings accounts and certificates of deposit. The cost basis approximates market value.
- 4. Materials and supplies Materials and supplies is composed of items used in the capital construction process.
- 5. Accounts Receivable The allowance method is used to record uncollectible accounts.- At December 31, 2016 and 2015, accounts receivable was stated net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$70,000 and \$60,000. Bad debt expense for 2016 was \$37,690 and 2015 was \$53,491. The District does not believe there is any credit risk associated with these receivables due to the large customer base and small individual account balances.
- 6. Capital Assets Capital assets in service and construction in progress with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are recorded at historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Assets acquired through contributions from developers or other customers are capitalized at their estimated fair market value, if available, or at engineers' estimated fair market value or cost to construct at the date of the contribution. Maintenance and repairs, which do not significantly extend the value or life of property, plant and equipment, are expensed as incurred. Assets are depreciated on the straight-line method. Depreciation is calculated using the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Source of supply equipment	15-50
Water treatment plant	10-40
Transmission and distribution systems	10-50
Equipment	3-20
Structures and improvements, including buildings	10-50
Office furniture, equipment and vehicles	3-20
Meters	10-20

- Compensated absences The District accrues unpaid vacation when earned by the employee.
- 8. Defining Operating Revenues and Expenses The District distinguishes between operating and non-operating revenue and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses consist of charges for services and the costs of providing those services, including depreciation and excluding interest cost. All other revenues and expenses are reported as non-operating.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

- Net Position Net position is divided into three components:
 - a. Net investment in capital assets consist of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets.
 - Restricted net position consist of net position that is restricted by the District's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by grantors (federal, state and local) and by other contributors.
 - c. Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.
- 10. Use of Restricted Resources When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the District's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources.
- 11. Amortization Bond discounts/premiums and deferred amounts on refundings are being amortized using the interest method over the life of each respective bond issue.
- 12. Capital Contributions Contributions are recognized in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position when earned. Contributions include capacity fees, capital grants, and other supplemental support by other utilities and industrial customers and federal, state and local grants in support of system improvements.
- 13. Long-term Obligations Long-term obligations are reported at face value, net of applicable premiums and discounts.
- 14. Use of Estimates Preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- 15. Restatement Change in Accounting Principle During the year ended December 31, 2016, the District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 62, Paragraphs 476-500, Regulated Operations with respect to its participation in the County Employees Retirement System. The District presents comparative financial statements so the restatement was made through the December 31, 2015 amounts. The effect of the restatement was to record a regulatory asset of \$3,121,693, a change to beginning net position of \$3,050,465 and an increase in pension expense of \$107,955 which was reflected through the change in net position.
- 16. Pensions For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS except that CERS's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

The District's rates are regulated by the Kentucky Public Service Commission. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 62, Paragraphs 476-500, Regulated Operations, which requires that the effects of the rate-making process be recorded in the financial statements, the District has elected to record a regulatory asset for the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions. Accordingly, the District recognizes the actuarially determined contribution as the current year pension expense.

17. Impact Of Recently Issued Accounting Principles

Recently Issued And Adopted Accounting Principles

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB 69 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to fair value measurements. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. This statement was adopted during the year ended December 31, 2016 and did not have an impact on the District's financial statements.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. This statement was adopted during the year ended December 31, 2016 and did not have an impact on the District's financial statements.

In August 2015, the GASB issued Statement 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. This statement was adopted during the year ended December 31, 2016 and did not have an impact on the District's financial statements.

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement 78, Pensions Provided Through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. This statement was adopted during the year ended December 31, 2016 and did not have an impact on the District's financial statements.

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. This statement was adopted during the year ended December 31, 2016 and did not have an impact on the District's financial statements.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In January 2016, the GASB issued Statement 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – An Amendment of GASB Statement 14. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement 82, *Pension Issues – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 72.* This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016 except for the requirements of the Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In November 2016, the GASB issued Statement 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligatons. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement 84, Fiduciary Activities. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In March 2017, the GASB issued Statement 85, *Omnibus 2017*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In May 2017, the GASB issued Statement 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE 2 - ELIZABETHTOWN WATER SYSTEM ACQUISITION

On October 23, 2014, the Kentucky Public Service Commission approved an asset purchase agreement between the District and the City of Elizabethtown, Kentucky, for the District's purchase of certain water system assets of the City. The transaction closed on October 31, 2014. The agreement requires the District to pay a note to the City of \$8,000,000 in twenty annual installments of \$400,000 beginning in 2015. The note carries no specified interest rate, but interest was imputed at a rate of 2.745 percent resulting in a net principal amount of \$6,093,748 and a resulting interest amount of \$1,906,252 over the life of the note (See note 5). The assets acquired were recorded at cost as well as the corresponding accumulated depreciation (See note 4). The transaction resulted in a \$1,000,000 capital contribution from the City and a utility acquisition adjustment of \$194,608 which is presented as a deferred outflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position. This amount is being amortized over 20 years at \$9,730 per year. The unamortized amount at December 31, 2016 and 2015 was \$175,147 and \$184,877.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

DEPOSITS

Custodial Credit Risk—Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned or that the District will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, \$7,930,584 and \$4,921,205 of the District's bank balance of \$8,430,584 and \$5,563,590 was exposed to custodial credit risk. For 2016 and 2015, of the amount exposed to custodial credit risk, the entire amount was collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution.

INVESTMENTS

At December 31, 2016 and 2015, the District had the following investments and maturities:

At December 31, 2016 and 2015, ii	12	/31/2016 air Value	Average Credit Quality/Ratings	Maturities
Bond Mutual Funds	\$	4,826,954	Unrated	7.5 years average
Bond Mutual Funds		4,524,211	Unrated	5.1 years average
Bond Mutual Funds		3,454,152	Unrated	7.6 years average
Total Investments	S	12,805,317		
	120	/31/2015 air Value	Average Credit Quality/Ratings	Maturities
Bond Mutual Funds	\$	4,734,748	Unrated	6.5 years average
Bond Mutual Funds		1,093,947	Unrated	8.5 years average
Bond Mutual Funds		5,977,924	Unrated	4.9 years average
Bond Mutual Funds		3,319,536	Unrated	11 years average
Treasury Money Market Fund	-	853,282	Unrated	Less than 1 year
Total Investments	\$	15,979,437		

The funds listed above are not rated. The individual investments within the funds are rated no lower than BBB.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

Investment Policies

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Generally, the District's investing activities are under the custody of the District Commissioners. Investing policies comply with the State Statutes. Kentucky Revised Statute 66.480 defines the following items as permissible investments:

- · Obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities;
- Obligations of any corporation of the United States Government;
- Obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or a United States government agency;
- Uncollateralized certificates of deposit issued by any bank or savings and loan institution rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- Certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or similar entity or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligations, including surety bonds, permitted by KRS 41.240(4)
- Bankers' acceptances for banks rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- · Commercial paper rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized rating agency;
- · Bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state and of its agencies and instrumentalities;
- Securities issued by a state or local government, or any instrumentality of agency thereof, in the United States, and rated in one (1) of the three (3) highest categories by a nationally recognized rating agency; and
- Shares of mutual funds, each of which shall have the following characteristics:
 - 1. The mutual fund shall be an open-end diversified investment company registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended:
 - 2. The management company of the investment company shall have been in operation for at least five (5) years; and
 - 3. All of the securities in the mutual fund shall be eligible investments pursuant to this section.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The District policy provides that, to the extent practicable, investments are matched with anticipated cash flows. Investments are diversified to minimize the risk of loss resulting from overconcentration of assets in a specific maturity period, a single issuer, or an individual class of securities. Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer. U.S. Government securities and investments in mutual funds are excluded from this risk. The District does not have more than 5% or more of investments subject to the concentration of credit risk disclosure in any one issuer. Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. No investments are reported at amortized cost. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investments are level 1 inputs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE 3 - RESTRICTED CASH

The District has restricted cash for various purposes at December 31, 2016 and 2015 as follows:

Restricted For	Dece	mber 31, 2016	Dece	mber 31, 2015
Debt service	\$	2,397,777	\$	1,235,078
Depreciation fund		831,166		465,068
Escrow		65,306		21,850
Construction		474,077		500,484
Health plan		40,000		•
Customer deposits		488,495		423,724
	\$	4,296,821	\$	2,646,204
			•	

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2016 follows.

	ember 31, 2015	Additions	Retirements	Balance at December 31, 2016		
\$	687,483 3,054,092	\$1,450,150 7,301,096	\$ - (911,181)	\$	2,137,633 9,444,007	
	3,741,575	8,751,246	(911,181)		11,581,640	
	10,834,554 1,763,965 11,113,289	49,700 1,190,404 - 490,312			10,884,254 1,190,404 1,763,965 11,603,601	
		338,196			11,238,627	
	43,672,916	58,977	(116.624)		43,731,893 10,109,523	
			(,		284,920	
	479,702	27,115	- 4		506,817	
	1,667,751	186,960	(69,605)		1,785,106	
_	606,185				606,185	
	89,964,027	3,927,497	(186,229)		93,705,295	
	3,000,077 - 1,013,698 4,286,796	309,687 17,360 44,099 234,367			3,309,764 17,360 1,057,797 4,521,163	
			1-9		3,483,408	
	3,397,268 230,857 320,749 1,055,689	628,577 9,091 52,536 180,712	(116,624)		15,166,803 3,909,221 239,948 373,285 1,166,796 403,387	
			(186 229)	-	33,648,932	
-				-	60,056,363	
\$			\$ (911.181)	\$	71,638,003	
	\$	3,054,092 3,741,575 10,834,554 1,763,965 11,113,289 10,900,431 43,672,916 8,663,459 261,775 479,702 1,667,751 606,185 89,964,027 3,000,077 1,013,698 4,286,796 3,203,781 14,203,119 3,397,268 230,857 320,749 1,055,689 355,053 31,067,087 58,896,940	3,054,092 7,301,096 3,741,575 8,751,246 10,834,554 49,700 - 1,190,404 1,763,965 - 11,113,289 490,312 10,900,431 338,196 43,672,916 58,977 8,663,459 1,562,688 261,775 23,145 479,702 27,115 1,667,751 186,960 606,185 - 89,964,027 3,927,497 3,000,077 309,687 - 17,360 1,013,698 44,099 4,286,796 234,367 3,203,781 279,627 14,203,119 963,684 3,397,268 628,577 230,857 9,091 320,749 52,536 1,055,689 180,712 355,053 48,334 31,067,087 2,768,074 58,896,940 1,159,423	3,054,092 7,301,096 (911,181) 3,741,575 8,751,246 (911,181) 10,834,554 49,700 - - 1,190,404 - 1,763,965 - - 10,900,431 338,196 - 43,672,916 58,977 - 8,663,459 1,562,688 (116,624) 261,775 23,145 - 479,702 27,115 - 1,667,751 186,960 (69,605) 606,185 - - 1,013,698 44,099 - 4,286,796 234,367 - 3,203,781 279,627 - 14,203,119 963,684 - 3,397,268 628,577 (116,624) 230,857 9,091 - 320,749 52,536 - 1,055,689 180,712 (69,605) 355,053 48,334 - 31,067,087 2,768,074 (186,229) 58,896,940	3,054,092 7,301,096 (911,181) 3,741,575 8,751,246 (911,181) 10,834,554 49,700 -	

(Continued next page)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015 follows.

		Balance at ember 31, 2014	Addition	s	Retire	ements		Balance at ember 31, 2015
Non-Depreciable Assets: Land and land rights Construction in progress	\$	687,483 4,434,176	\$ - 1,737,6	42	\$ (3,1	- 17,726)	\$	687,483 3,054,092
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		5,121,659	1,737,6	42	(3,1	17,726)		3,741,575
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Structures and improvements Supply mains Water treatment plant Standpipes, tanks and foundations Transmission and distribution mains Services and meters Hydrants Office furniture and fixtures Transportation equipment Other property and equipment	_	8,784,688 1,763,965 11,113,289 9,949,534 43,555,967 7,066,108 261,775 479,702 1,580,835 568,630	2,049,8 - 950,8 116,9 1,814,7 - 136,2 37,5	97 49 19		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		10,834,554 1,763,965 11,113,289 10,900,431 43,672,916 8,663,459 261,775 479,702 1,667,751 606,185
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated at historical cost		85,124,493	5,106,2	15	(2	66,681)		89,964,027
Less accumulated depreciation: Structures and improvements Supply mains Water treatment plant Standpipes, tanks and foundations		2,725,469 969,599 4,054,329 2,940,933	274,6 44,0 232,4 262,8	08 99 67				3,000,077 1,013,698 4,286,796 3,203,781
Transmission and distribution mains Services and meters Hydrants Office furniture and fixtures Transportation equipment Other property and equipment		13,241,000 3,103,300 223,312 266,659 928,588 307,741	962,1 511,3 7,5 54,0 176,4 47,3	36 45 90 14		- 17,368) - - (49,313)		14,203,119 3,397,268 230,857 320,749 1,055,689 355,053
Total accumulated depreciation		28,760,930	2,572,8	38	(2	66,681)	4	31,067,087
Total other capital assets, net		56,363,563	2,533,3	77		-		58,896,940
Capital assets, net	\$	61,485,222	\$4,271,0	19	\$ (3,1	17,726)	\$	62,638,515

During the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the District capitalized no interest in either year and expensed \$706,545 and \$706,164 of interest.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The construction costs of the District's water facilities have been financed by issuance of revenue bonds authorized under Kentucky Revised. All assets of the District are pledged as collateral for these bonds. Information relating to the outstanding bond issues is summarized below:

Issue	Interest Rate	FaceAmount	Bonds Due 12/31/2016	Bonds Due 12/31/2015
2004 Series A	2.0% - 4.0%	\$ 2,940,000	\$ -	\$ 1,765,000
2005 Series B	4.1%	1,775,000	-	1,125,000
2007 Series A	4.00%	2,480,000		2,328,000
2010 Series A	2.0% - 4.125%	5,625,000	4,410,000	4,635,000
2012 Series	1.0% - 3.75%	6,070,000	5,300,000	5,490,000
2016 Series B	2.0% - 3.0%	2,180,000	2,180,000	-
2016 Series C	2.0% - 3.0%	2,430,000	2,430,000	•
			\$ 14,320,000	\$ 15,343,000

On July 7, 2016, the District issued \$2,180,000 in Series 2016B Water System Refunding Revenue Bonds with an average interest rate of 2.8 percent and \$2,430,000 in Series 2016C Water System Refunding Revenue Bonds with an average interest rate of 2.8 percent to advance refund \$4,964,000 of outstanding 2004A, 2005A and 2007 Series Bonds. The refunding was an advance refunding. The net proceeds of \$4,814,439 (after \$120,614 in cost of issuance, \$316,530 in bond premium, and \$8,523 in accrued interest) in combination with \$174,600 from the District were used to call the bonds (\$4,964,000 of principal and \$25,039 of interest).

The District completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 10 years by \$1,984,658 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$1,172,766.

The District requires new customers to provide a \$60 deposit for initial water service. Current customers in good standing who add additional service locations are not required to pay an additional deposit.

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2016, was as follows:

		Balance at ember 31, 2015	Additions	Reductions		Balance at ember 31, 2016	Amount Due Within One Year
Bonds and notes payable: Revenue bonds	S	15,343,000	\$ 4.610.000	\$ (5,633,000)	s	14,320,000	\$ 855,000
Notes Unamortized bond premium/discount	_	5,861,021 (158,455)	316,530	(239,115) (11,289)		5,621,906 146,786	283,041
Total bonds and notes payable		21,045,566	4,926,530	(5,883,404)		20,088,692	1,138,041
Other liabilities: Customer deposits Accrued vacation Customer advances for construction		496,711 123,268 34,250	176,520 155,245 47,000	(243,151) (123,268) (4,000)	نستا	430,080 155,245 77,250	43,008 155,245 77,250
Total other liabilities		654,229	378.765	(370,419)	-	662,575	275,503
Long-term liabilities	\$	21,699,795	\$ 5,305,295	\$ (6,253,823)	S	20,751,267	\$1,413,544

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance at ember 31, 2014		Additions	R	eductions		Balance at ember 31, 2015		ount Due Within One Year
Bonds and notes payable: Revenue bonds Notes Unamortized bond premium/discount	\$ 15,991,000 6,093,748 (181,574)	s	4	\$	(648,000) (232,727) 23,119	\$	15,343,000 5,861,021 (158,455)	S	669,000 239,115
Total bonds and notes payable	21,903,174		4		(857,608)		21,045,566		908,115
Other liabilities: Customer deposits Accrued vacation Customer advances for construction	386,257 111,390 23,250		215,501 123,268 27,000		(105,047) (111,390) (16,000)		496,711 123,268 34,250		49,671 123,268 34,250
Total other liabilities	520,897		365,769		(232,437)		654,229		207,189
Long-term liabilities	\$ 22,424,071	S	365,769	\$	1,090,045)	S	21,699,795	\$	1,115,304

Bond and note maturities and Sinking Fund requirements in each of the next five years and in five year increments thereafter are as follows at December 31, 2016:

		R	ever	ue Bonds			Notes		
Year		Principal		Interest	Totals	Principal	Interest	_	Totals
2017	\$	855,000	\$	419,373	\$ 1,274,373	\$ 245,679	\$ 154,321	\$	400,000
2018		860,000		414,169	1,274,169	252,423	147,577		400,000
2019		890,000		392,337	1,282,337	259,352	140,648		400,000
2020		910,000		366,922	1,276,922	266,471	133,529		400,000
2021		950,000		339,906	1,289,906	273,785	126,215		400,000
2022-2026		4,955,000	1	1,247,014	6,202,014	1,485,870	514,130		2,000,000
2027-2031		3,065,000		611,102	3,676,102	1,701,313	298,687		2,000,000
2032-2036		1,255,000		213,432	1,468,432	1,137,013	62,987		1,200,000
2037-2041		580,000		27,751	607,751	-			
Total	\$	14,320,000	\$	4,032,006	\$ 18,352,006	\$ 5,621,906	\$ 1,578,094	\$	7,200,000
	-								

Year	Sinking Fu Requireme	
2017	\$ 1,674,	373
2018	1,674,	169
2019	1,682,	337
2020	1,676,	922
2021	1,689,	906
2022-2026	8,202,	014
2027-2031	5,676,	102
2032-2036	2,668,	432
2037-2041	607,	751
Total	\$ 25,552,	006

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

Under covenants of the bond ordinances, certain funds have been established. These funds and their current financial requirements are presented as follows:

Revenue Fund

All receipts for services are deposited into this fund and, subsequently, disbursed into the following required funds:

Bond and Interest Redemption Funds

There is to be a monthly deposit of an amount equal to 1/12 of the next ensuing principal payment due and 1/6 of the next ensuing interest payment due for the 2010 Series A, 2012 Series, 2016 Series B and 2016 Series C and 1/12 of the next ensuing principal and interest payment on the note payable.

Depreciation Fund

This fund receives, on a monthly basis, \$150,000. This fund also receives the proceeds from the sale of any property or equipment. This fund may be used to purchase new or replacement property and equipment.

Operation and Maintenance Fund

This fund receives, on a monthly basis, sufficient amounts to pay current expenses from the Revenue Fund after the above transfers have been made. This fund is used to pay operating expenditures. This account is funded until it reaches 2 months of forecasted operating expenses. Any surplus left may be added to the Bond and Interest Redemption Fund.

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The District participates in the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. CERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Under the provisions of KRS Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems (KERS) administers the CERS. The CERS issues a publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. CERS' report may be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits Provided

The system provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to system members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of members under certain circumstances. Prior to July 1, 2009, cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) were provided annually equal to the percentage increase in the annual average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the most recent calendar year, not to exceed 5% in any plan year. On July 1, 2013, the COLA was not granted. Effective July 1, 2009, and on July 1 of each year thereafter through June 30, 2014, the COLA is limited to 1.5% provided the recipient has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA. If the recipient has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA, the increase shall be reduced on a pro-rata basis for each month the recipient has not been receiving benefits in the 12 months preceding the effective date of the COLA. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce the COLA if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands. No COLA has been granted since July 1, 2011.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

Contributions

For the calendar year ended December 31, 2016, plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008, were required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. The District's contractually required contribution rate for the calendar year ended December 31, 2016, was 12.42 percent of creditable compensation from January 1 to June 30 and 13.95 percent of creditable compensation from July 1 to December 31. The District's contractually required contribution rate for the calendar year ended December 31, 2015, was 12.75 percent of creditable compensation from January 1 to June 30 and 12.42 percent of creditable compensation from July 1 to December 31. Contributions to the pension plan for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, from the District were \$542,052 and \$491,530. At December 31, 2016 and 2015, the District owed \$75,898 and \$66,851 to the plan for employer and member contributions for December.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2016, the District reported a liability of \$5,904,253 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the District's proportion was 0.11992 percent, which was an increase of .01536 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$542,052 and \$491,530. At December 31, 2016, the District reported its proportionate share of the CERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		20	16	
	C	Deferred Dutflows Resources	Inf	ferred flows sources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	25,776	\$	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		312,776		+
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		555,060		-
Changes in proportion and proportionate share of contributions	,	660,856		
	\$	1,554,468	\$	1,615

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31	nortization Amount
2017	\$ 404,955
2018	404,955
2019	404,955
2020	228,591
2021	 111,012
	\$ 1,554,468

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation using standard roll-forward techniques was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.25 percent

Salary increases 4.0 percent, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back for one year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back four years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for the Systems. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2013, is outlined in a report dated April 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Asset Class		Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Combined Equity		44%	5.40%
Combined Fixed Income		19%	1.50%
Real Return (Diversified			
Inflation Strategies)		10%	3.50%
Real Estate		5%	4.50%
Absolute Return (Diversified			
Hedge Funds)		10%	4.25%
Private Equity		10%	8.50%
Cash		2%	-0.25%
	Total	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the Measurement Date was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 27 year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarial determined contribution rate is adjusted to reflect the phase in of anticipated gains on actuarial value of assets over the first four years of the projection period. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 7.5%. The long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected of benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net Pension Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	7,357,842	5,904,253	4,658,516

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

CERS also provides post-retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Years of Service	% paid by Insurance Fund	% Paid by Member through
20 or more	10	0%
15-19	7	25%
10-14	5	50%
4-9	2	75%
Less than 4	0	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

The following schedule details the sources of capital contributions for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015:

 2016		2015
\$ 5,952,907	\$	270,273
150,748		
219,518		141,533
3,622	_	1,189
\$ 6,326,795	\$	412,995
\$	\$ 5,952,907 150,748 219,518 3,622	\$ 5,952,907 \$ 150,748 219,518 3,622

NOTE 9 - RENTAL AGREEMENTS

The District has entered into agreements to lease space on its water towers to various customers. Rental income during the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 was \$81,940 and \$82,507. The following schedule represents future payments to be received. Each agreement provides for optional renewals. The schedule below reflects payments to be received under current agreements and does not include renewals after the current term.

2017	\$ 82,577
2018	28,566
Total	\$ 111,143

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS

The District has entered into construction commitments toward its construction projects. Also, the District has received certain funding commitments from governmental agencies for current and planned construction projects.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District was insured for workers' compensation, general liability and automobile liability coverage under a retrospectively rated commercial policy.

NOTE 12 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In January 2017, the District implemented a self-insured health insurance plan.



SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE CERS NET PENSION LIABILITY

Last 10 Years *

December 31, 2016

	 2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.119920%	0.104554%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,904,253	\$ 4,495,343
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 3,117,060	\$ 2,939,133
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	189.4%	152.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	55.50%	59.97%

^{*} Calendar year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only two years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO CERS

December 31, 2016

Last 10 Years *

		2016		2015	
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	412,832	\$	312,163	
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	_	412,832	_	312,163	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	
Covered employee payroll	\$	3,117,060	\$:	2,939,133	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		13.24%		10.62%	

^{*} Calendar year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only two years are shown.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions. There were no changes in assumptions.



HARDIN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE I - BOND AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

		\$ 5,625,000 2010 SERIES A				\$ 6,070,000 2012 SERIES			
	-	BOND		ITEREST	-	BOND		INTEREST	
2017	\$	230,000	\$	156,288	\$	195,000	\$	151,375	
2018		235,000		149,894		195,000		147,475	
2019		245,000		142,987		200,000		143,525	
2020		250,000		135,250		205,000		139,347	
2021		260,000		126,800		210,000		134,806	
2022		265,000		117,940		215,000		129,891	
2023		275,000		108,656		220,000		124,725	
2024		290,000		98,588		230,000		119,238	
2025		300,000		87,707		235,000		113,425	
2026		310,000		76,075		245,000		107,119	
2027		325,000		63,772		245,000		100,381	
2028		340,000		50,676		255,000		93,506	
2029		345,000		36,976		265,000		86,356	
2030		360,000		22,876		270,000		78,663	
2031		380,000		7,833		280,000		70,063	
2032						295,000		60,719	
2033						300,000		50,675	
2034						210,000		41,750	
2035						220,000		34,225	
2036						230,000		26,063	
2037						235,000		17,344	
2038						250,000		8,250	
2039						85,000		1,969	
2040						10,000		188	
	\$	4,410,000	\$	1,382,318	\$	5,300,000	\$	1,981,078	

SCHEDULE I - BOND AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

(CONTINUED)

	\$ 2,18 2016 SE			\$ 2,43 2016 SI	30,000 ERIES			
	BOND	INTEREST	Ξ	BOND		INTEREST		
2017	200,000	52,964	\$	230,000	\$	58,746		
2018	195,000	55,500		235,000		61,300		
2019	200,000	50,550		245,000		55,275		
2020	205,000	44,475		250,000		47,850		
2021	215,000	38,175		265,000		40,125		
2022	220,000	31,650		280,000		31,950		
2023	225,000	24,975		295,000		23,325		
2024	235,000	18,075		310,000		14,250		
2025	240,000	10,950		320,000		4,800		
2026	245,000	3,675						
2027								
2028								
2029								
2030								
2031								
2032								
2033								
2034								
2035								
2036								
2037								
2038								
2039								
2040								
27.3	\$ 2,180,000	\$ 330,989	3	2,430,000	\$	337,621		

SCHEDULE I - BOND AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016

(CONTINUED)

TOTAL ALL ISSUES						
_	BOND	IN	TEREST			
\$	855,000	\$	419,373			
	860,000		414,169			
	890,000		392,337			
	910,000		366,922			
	950,000		339,906			
	980,000		311,431			
	1,015,000		281,681			
	1,065,000		250,151			
	1,095,000		216,882			
	800,000		186,869			
	570,000		164,153			
	595,000		144,182			
	610,000		123,332			
	630,000		101,539			
	660,000		77,896			
	295,000		60,719			
	300,000		50,675			
	210,000		41,750			
	220,000		34,225			
	230,000		26,063			
	235,000		17,344			
	250,000		8,250			
	85,000		1,969			
	10,000		188			
\$	14,320,000	\$	4,032,006			

SCHEDULE II - GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

	2016	2015
Salaries	\$ 1,203,525	\$ 1,067,634
Commissioner's salaries	30,314	30,276
Employee benefits	542,871	494,661
Materials and supplies	90,687	87,904
Professional fees and contractual services	221,428	281,434
Insurance	138,909	136,110
Advertising	7,853	3,738
Provision for bad debts	37,690	53,491
Other general and administrative	438,290	286,313
	\$ 2,711,567	\$ 2,441,561

SCHEDULE III - ORGANIZATION DATA

DECEMBER 31, 2016

WATER COMMISSIONERS

Michael Bell - Chairman Morris Miller - Secretary/Treasurer Cordell Tabb - Member John Effinger - Member Tim Davis - Member

ATTORNEY

Stoll, Keenon, Ogden, PLLC

GENERAL MANAGER

James Jeffries

CALENDAR YEAR

January 1 to December 31





CHRIS R. CARTER, CPA ANN M. FISHER, CPA SCOTT KISSELBAUGH, CPA PHILIP A. LOGSDON, CPA BRIAN S. WOOSLEY, CPA

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPAS KENTUCKY SOCIETY OF CPAS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTINGAND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Hardin County Water District No. 2 Elizabethtown, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Hardin County Water District No. 2, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hardin County Water District No. 2's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 23, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hardin County Water District No. 2's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hardin County Water District No. 2's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hardin County Water District No. 2's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2016-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hardin County Water District No. 2's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Hardin County Water District's Response to Findings

Itales, Canter & associates.

Hardin County Water District No. 2's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Hardin County Water District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants Elizabethtown, Kentucky

May 23, 2017



HARDIN COUNTY WATER DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

MATERIAL WEAKNESSES

REFERENCE NUMBER 2016-001 FINANCIAL STATEMENT ADJUSTMENTS

Criteria: The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls over the application of transactions and the preparation of financial statements.

Condition: As part of the audit, we noted that material adjustments were required in order to prevent the financial statements from being materially misstated.

Cause: The District did not make all necessary adjustments when closing the year.

Effect: The financial statements required adjustment of significant items.

Recommendation: We recommend District management and financial personnel continue to increase their awareness and knowledge of all procedures and processes involved in preparing financial statements and develop internal control policies to ensure proper financial statement presentation.

Management Response: Management will improve operations to ensure that necessary adjustments are made in accordance with the normal closing process.